Document Page 2 of 18

APPEARANCES OF COUNSEL:

For Auntie Tut Trust: Jeremy C. Sink

Attorney at Law Kirton McConkie

36 South State Street

Salt Lake City, Utah 84111

For Chapter 13

Trustee:

Katherine Kang Attorney at Law

U.S. Trustee's Office 405 S. Main Street

Suite 300

Salt Lake City, Utah 84111

Court Reporter:

Laura W. Robinson, FCRR, RPR, CSR 351 South West Temple 3.303 U.S. Courthouse Salt Lake City, Utah 84101 (801)201-9731

Document Page 3 of 18

Salt Lake City, Utah January 14, 2025

*** * * *** *

THE COURT: Good afternoon. We've got one matter on the 2:00 calendar in the Chapter 13 case of Lorenzo Lopez, Case No. 24-26705. Could I get appearances please starting with the movant?

MR. SINK: Your Honor, Jeremy Sink of Kirton McConkie on behalf of creditor Auntie Tut Trust.

THE COURT: Thank you. I'll note for the record Mr. Lopez filed his Chapter 13 petition without the assistance of an attorney and he is not making an appearance at this hearing.

Go ahead, Mr. Sink.

MR. SINK: Your Honor, this is the time and place set for hearing Auntie Tut's motion for dismissal of this case and for in rem relief for relief from the automatic stay from subsequent bankruptcy filings related to the piece of property that Auntie Tut Trust has a lien against.

We've -- I think our pleadings speak pretty plainly as to what has occurred here. As you know, this is the third bankruptcy that has been filed essentially hours before three consecutive foreclosure sales that my client has attempted to consummate related to this property.

And the disturbing part of this current bankruptcy is noted in our pleadings where the obligor on this note appears to have been the one who hand-delivered the petition to the bankruptcy court for the filing of this immediate case. We're not sure if Lorenzo Luciano Lopez even exists. But, the pattern has been shown.

We filed a notice of default, we notice up a trustee's sale, and then on the eve of that trustee's sale the bankruptcy is filed. And under none of those three bankruptcy cases has there been any attempt to seek refuge under the Bankruptcy Code. No attempt to file statements and schedules. No attempt to attend a 341 Meeting. No attempt to essentially propose a Plan of Reorganization.

In the immediate case in response to us filing this motion, as you have seen, a motion to dismiss the case was filed. And we don't have any problems with that motion to dismiss but we think that this court has jurisdiction to enter -- to grant our motion before dismissing this case under Section 1307 of the Bankruptcy Code.

We believe that the proof is in the pudding here especially given the fact that although a pleading was filed, no debtor appeared today. Again,

Case 24-26705 Doc 65 Filed 03/04/25 Entered 03/04/25 09:10:03 Desc Main

Document Page 5 of 18

2.1

I have my suspicions that that debtor doesn't exist.

I provided to the court a recording of the

conversation between me and Mr. Darger at the

foreclosure sale at the beginning of this bankruptcy.

There was no Mr. Lopez there. He kept referring me

to Mr. Lopez as if he did exist, but he is the one

who was there and referenced the e-mail that was

allegedly from Mr. Lopez. He wasn't copied on that

e-mail. I gave you a copy of that e-mail. All

indications are that this bankruptcy was filed by

Mr. Darger for the sole purpose of thwarting our

collection efforts.

We believe that an in rem order is appropriate as to the property prohibiting the -- or essentially making any subsequent bankruptcies not subject to the automatic stay as to this particular piece of property.

We think the court can do that. I have provided two courts in my reply memorandum that I filed today after their objection. Those two courts are the *In re: Roben* case and another case cited there. We believe this court does have authority under both Section 362 and Section 105 to enter an in rem order granting us that relief.

We believe that the -- what the court did in

Case 24-26705 Doc 65 Filed 03/04/25 Entered 03/04/25 09:10:03 Desc Main Document Page 6 of 18

the In re: Roben case is appropriate. And that is that once the in rem order is entered, then I would be responsible for recording that order with the Salt Lake County Recorder's Office so as to give any subsequent owners of the property notice of this order that we think is appropriate to be entered.

And if the court doesn't have any questions for me, I would submit the rest on the pleadings.

THE COURT: Thank you. I see we have an appearance by counsel for the Chapter 13 Trustee.

Ms. Kang, do you have anything you wish to say?

MS. KANG: No, Your Honor. We don't have any -- none of the schedules or any of the documents relating to petition have been filed or have been provided to us so we don't know what's going on in this particular case. So with that, that's all I have to contribute, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you. All right. I'll note at the outset that on a motion for relief under Section 362(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, Section 362(g) provides that at any hearing on a motion for relief under 362(d) the party requesting such relief has a burden of proof on the issue of the debtor's equity in the property which is not an issue in this case.

And two, the party opposing such relief has

Case 24-26705 Doc 65 Filed 03/04/25 Entered 03/04/25 09:10:03 Desc Main

	Document	Page 7 of 18

1 a burden of proof on all other issues.

2 Mr. Lopez, again, has not appeared at this 3 hearing --

MR. DARGER: I am here, Your Honor. My name is John Darger and I'm a third-party and I filed -- I would like you to grant for me to intervene. I filed papers to intervene.

THE COURT: I'm sorry, Mr. Darger, you're not the debtor in this case, correct?

MR. DARGER: I have an interest in the property, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. You're not the debtor in this case and you're not an attorney.

MR. DARGER: I'm not a third-party and I filed papers that you will be able to pull up and see.

THE COURT: All right. Well, we'll note Mr. Darger's appearance today. As I was saying, the debtor has the burden of proof on all other issues and Mr. Lopez is not here to offer any evidence in support of his objection to the motion.

So the matter before me is a motion to dismiss and proposed bankruptcy relief from stay filed by secured creditor Auntie Tut Trust. This case, and I'll take judicial notice of Mr. Darger's

Case 24-26705 Doc 65 Filed 03/04/25 Entered 03/04/25 09:10:03 Desc Main Document Page 8 of 18

prior two cases that I'll describe in a minute, this case is a third in a series of Chapter 13 cases filed over the past 12 months involving real property located at 13887 South Lamont Lowell Circle in Herriman, Utah.

The first case, case number 24-20354, was filed by Jonathan Darger on January 29th, 2024, and was dismissed on April 9th, after Mr. Darger failed to file any of the required documents by the court extended deadline of April 5th. Apart from a list of creditors and a Schedule A/B that listed a potential \$1 million wrongful foreclosure slash fraud claim against the movant Auntie Tut Trust but no real property owned by Mr. Darger.

Mr. Darger filed a second case on June 4th of 2024, 24-22721, that largely mirrored the first case. He again filed only a list of creditors and the same Schedule A/B and that case was dismissed on July 25th of 2024 for Mr. Darger's failure to timely file any other required documents.

Then, since no stay would go into effect if Mr. Darger filed a third case before January 30th of this year, 2025, instead Mr. Lopez filed the present case 24-26705 about 30 minutes after being quitclaimed the joint interest in the property.

Document Page 9 of 18

In this case, Mr. Lopez didn't even bother to file a list of creditors which was due by January 2nd per Federal Bankruptcy Procedure 1007(a)(1), and Local Rule 1007-1(b), the latter of which also permits the court to dismiss the case sua sponte if the deadline isn't met.

Mr. Lopez also didn't file any of the other documents listed in the court's December 31st deficiency notice. Those were due yesterday

January 13th. The running theme in all three cases, each of which was filed on the day before a foreclosure sale of the Herriman property, is

Mr. Darger's dispute with Auntie Tut which he accuses of malicious and fraudulent conduct to steal the equity in his house largely by calculating balance due based on compound or default interest rather than simple interest.

As indicated in the exhibits attached to the movant's motion, this saga began with a 5-year \$320,000 note executed by Mr. Darger and Auntie Tut in July of 2013 accompanied by a Deed of Trust for the Herriman property.

Mr. Darger then transferred the property by a warranty deed to Ultimate Estates, LLC, in August of 2013. Ultimate Estates, through Mr. Darger as

owner, transferred the property by warranty deed to Ultimate Enterprise, LLC, in October of 2018 and Ultimate Enterprise, through Mr. Darger as manager, quitclaimed its interest to both itself and Mr. Lopez on December 30th of 2024 about 30 minutes before this Chapter 13 case was filed.

Mr. Lopez sent an e-mail to Auntie Tut's counsel, Mr. Sink, on December 31st at about 30 minutes before the foreclosure sale with an odd request for the post-petition mortgage payment amount which echoed a similar e-mail from Mr. Darger to Mr. Sink in June, although Mr. Lopez has no liability on the note. Only Mr. Darger and his wife attended the foreclosure sale which Mr. Sink postponed to January 24th, 2025, in accordance with Utah Code 57-1-27(2)(c) and Mr. Darger apparently declined to discuss his connection with Mr. Lopez at the sale.

And Mr. Darger, who hand delivered
Mr. Lopez's bankruptcy petition and accompanying
documents for filing with the court, holds himself
out to be a foreclosure prevention specialist in his
LinkedIn profile.

Although the motion filed by Auntie Tut is styled as both as a motion to dismiss and motion for stay relief, the stay relief request makes up the

bulk of the argument. Auntie Tut asked for both regular stay relief under Section 362(d)(1) for cause, and also for relief under Section 362(d)(4)(B) based on a scheme to delay, hinder, or defraud creditors that involves multiple bankruptcy filings affecting such real property. Which if granted, functions as in rem relief against the property for two years upon proper recording of the court's order.

A stay relief motion is a summary proceeding. So at a stay hearing, the court merely determines whether the movant has a colorable claim that is a facially valid security interest. It then should consider whether the objector has raised a colorable defense that is not -- that not merely offsets the movant's claim, but actually would defeat the movant's claim.

In this context the bankruptcy court limits its consideration of defenses to those that strike at the heart of the creditor's lien, or that bear on the debtor's equity in the property. And I am referring to the *Utah Aircraft Alliance* case from Judge Thurman reported at 342 B.R. 327. That's from the Tenth Circuit Bankruptcy Appellate Panel, excuse me, 2006.

Just before the clerk's office closed yesterday evening, Mr. Lopez filed a motion and

proposed order dismissing the case, and an objection to Auntie Tut's motion that raises four arguments.

One, the court must dismiss the case immediately under Section 1307(b) before ruling on Auntie Tut's motion. Two, the court must abstain in favor of the state court's deciding a mortgage dispute. Three, a request for in rem relief requires an adversary proceeding, according to Mr. Lopez. And four, Auntie Tut's own conduct regarding mortgage negates any finding of a scheme to hinder, delay, or defraud.

And Auntie Tut filed a reply several hours ago. None of Mr. Lopez's arguments are well taken. Here, it's clear from the record of all three cases that the only purpose for the case is for us to stop the foreclosure sales by Auntie Tut. Almost no required documents were filed in any of the cases, and no meaningful efforts were undertaken to legitimately prosecute any of the cases.

Mr. Lopez's argument that Auntie Tut -Auntie Tut's prompt filing of the motion somehow
prevented Mr. Lopez from filing required documents is
frivolous and it echoes similar arguments from
Mr. Darger in his prior cases as to why he couldn't
timely file his own required documents.

All three cases were filed on the eve of foreclosure, and Mr. Lopez was a legal stranger to the property until receiving a quitclaimed interest about 30 minutes before he filed his Chapter 13 case which was designed again to get around the fact that Mr. Darger had already exhausted his two automatic stays within the 12-month period under Section 362(c), even though he scheduled no real property in either of his cases, having long ago transferred ownership of the Herriman property from himself to Ultimate Estates and then Ultimate Enterprise.

The note matured in 2018 but remains unpaid, and no payments of any kind have been made since January of 2023. And despite the objection's general denials of the motion's factual allegations, mostly for alleged lack of information, the objection is neither verified nor otherwise supported by any facts or documents.

Auntie Tut has demonstrated its colorable claim and even Mr. Darger and Mr. Lopez seem to admit that Auntie Tut is a legitimate secured creditor by asking Mr. Sink for ongoing payment amounts despite the disputes about the amounts owed on the mortgage.

But this is not the proper forum for addressing those disputes. And even with in rem stay

Case 24-26705 Doc 65 Filed 03/04/25 Entered 03/04/25 09:10:03 Desc Main Document Page 14 of 18

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

relief, any appropriate party in interest, whether that's Mr. Darger, Mr. Lopez, or Ultimate Enterprise, can pursue any available relief in state court of competent jurisdiction. Mr. Lopez also says as much in two of the objections for arguments by proposing that the state court system is a proper forum to resolve the party's disputes. And Mr. Lopez cites to numerous decisions before the Bankruptcy Code was amended in 2005, but no adversary proceeding is required to grant the stay relief contemplated by Section 362(d)(4) which can instead be pursued by a motion as contested matter. And you can refer to Bankruptcy Rule 7001, the Advisory Committee Notes, and also the cases of In re: Van Ness, 399 B.R. 897, and that's from the Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of California in 2009.

I'll find, accordingly, that this Chapter 7 case was filed by Mr. Lopez in bad faith. And it's part of a scheme involving multiple bankruptcy filings to at least hinder or delay creditors, including Auntie Tut. So stay relief under both Section 362(d)(1) and Section 362(d)(4)(B) will be granted as will Auntie Tut's request to waive the 14-day stay --

MR. DARGER: Your Honor --

2.1

THE COURT: -- of Federal Rule 4001(a)(4) to allow the postponed January 24th foreclosure sale to go forward if no intervening action is taken at state court.

Auntie Tut also requested dismissal of the case under Section 707(b)(3) for bad faith filing, but that section doesn't apply in this Chapter 13 case. Having said that, Section 1307(c) includes bad faith as an unlisted basis for dismissal on top of the court's authority under Local Rule 1007(1)(b) to dismiss the case sua sponte for Mr. Lopez's failure to timely file the list of creditors, and Mr. Lopez has now requested dismissal of the case as well.

But even assuming Mr. Lopez's absolute right to dismiss under 1307(b), that dismissal isn't required to be either immediate or unconditional.

Courts have long recognized the authority at minimum under Section 349(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to impose strings on the dismissal to prevent abuse, and address bad faith conduct which the court has already found to exist.

Accordingly, this case will be dismissed as requested by both Mr. Lopez and Auntie Tut, but the dismissal will not be entered until after entry of the stay of relief order.

Case 24-26705 Doc 65 Filed 03/04/25 Entered 03/04/25 09:10:03 Desc Main Document Page 16 of 18 1 So Mr. Sink, I'm going to ask you to prepare 2 the order granting relief from stay under Section 3 362(d)(1) and (d)(4). And once that has been 4 entered, the court will enter its own motion 5 dismissing the case. MR. SINK: Understood, Your Honor. 6 7 I would make one correction to the record that 8 you just read in. You referred to the immediate case 9 as a Chapter 7 case and I would just say that it was a Chapter 13 case not the Chapter 7. 10 11 THE COURT: Thank you. Anything else? 12 MR. SINK: Thank you, Your Honor. I'll 13 prepare that order and I'll upload it. Do you want 14 me to circulate that order to the e-mail that I have 15 for Mr. Lopez? 16 THE COURT: He hasn't appeared here today 17 and I'll be sure to review the order so that it 18 correctly reflects my ruling. 19 MR. SINK: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor, 20 I'll get that submitted in the next day or two. 2.1 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

MR. DARGER: Your Honor, so you did grant my

22

23

24

25

court's in recess.

order to intervene, correct?

THE COURT: I'm sorry, who is speaking?

Case 24-26705 Doc 65 Filed 03/04/25 Entered 03/04/25 09:10:03 Desc Main Document Page 18 of 18 REPORTER'S CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the foregoing transcript was taken from a tape recording stenographically to the best of my ability to hear and understand said tape recording, that my said stenographic notes were thereafter transcribed into typewriting at my direction. Dated this 14th day of February, 2025. ___Laura W. Robinson____ Laura W. Robinson